



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE VIA THE CANADIAN CUSTOM DISCLOSURE NETWORK

NEWS RELEASE

MAGELLAN AEROSPACE CORPORATION ANNOUNCES FINANCIAL RESULTS

Toronto, Ontario – August 8, 2017 – Magellan Aerospace Corporation (“Magellan” or the “Corporation”) released its financial results for the second quarter of 2017. All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated. The results are summarized as follows:

	Three month period ended June 30			Six month period ended June 30		
	2017	2016	Change	2017	2016	Change
Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts						
Revenues	253,460	252,671	0.3%	500,670	518,729	(3.5)%
Gross Profit	46,221	45,946	0.6%	89,429	94,471	(5.3)%
Net Income	20,371	22,321	(8.7)%	59,784	45,749	30.7%
Net Income per Share	0.35	0.38	(7.9)%	1.03	0.79	30.4%
EBITDA	40,445	44,742	(9.6)%	102,744	90,568	13.4%
EBITDA per Share	0.69	0.77	(10.4)%	1.77	1.56	13.5%

This news release contains certain forward-looking statements that reflect the current views and/or expectations of the Corporation with respect to its performance, business and future events. Such statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, which may cause actual results to be materially different from those expressed or implied. The Corporation assumes no future obligation to update these forward-looking statements except as required by law.

This news release presents certain non-IFRS financial measures to assist readers in understanding the Corporation's performance. Non-IFRS financial measures are measures that either exclude or include amounts that are not excluded or included in the most directly comparable measures calculated and presented in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“GAAP”). Throughout this news release, reference is made to EBITDA (defined as net income before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization), which the Corporation considers to be an indicative measure of operating performance and a metric to evaluate profitability. EBITDA is not a generally accepted earnings measure and should not be considered as an alternative to net income (loss) or cash flows as determined in accordance with IFRS. As there is no standardized method of calculating this measure, the Corporation's EBITDA may not be directly comparable with similarly titled measures used by other companies.

1. Overview

A summary of Magellan's business and significant updates

Magellan is a diversified supplier of components to the aerospace industry. Through its wholly owned subsidiaries, Magellan designs, engineers, and manufactures aeroengine and aerostructure components for aerospace markets, advanced products for defence and space markets, and complementary specialty products. The Corporation also supports the aftermarket through supply of spare parts as well as performing repair and overhaul services.

Magellan operates substantially all of its activities in one reportable segment, Aerospace, which is viewed as one segment by the chief operating decision-makers for the purpose of resource allocations, assessing performance and strategic planning. The Aerospace segment includes the design, development, manufacture, repair and overhaul, and sale of systems and components for defence and civil aviation.

2. Results of Operations

A discussion of Magellan's operating results for second quarter ended June 30, 2017

The Corporation reported revenue in the second quarter of 2017 of \$253.5 million, a slight increase from the second quarter of 2016 of \$252.7 million. Gross profit and net income for the second quarter of 2017 were \$46.2 million and \$20.4 million, respectively, in comparison to gross profit of \$45.9 million and net income of \$22.3 million for the second quarter of 2016.

Consolidated Revenue

Expressed in thousands of dollars	Three month period ended June 30			Six month period ended June 30		
	2017	2016	Change	2017	2016	Change
Canada	82,256	81,515	0.9%	157,276	173,857	(9.5%)
United States	82,031	89,176	(8.0%)	162,056	177,533	(8.7%)
Europe	89,173	81,980	8.8%	181,338	167,339	8.4%
Total revenues	253,460	252,671	0.3%	500,670	518,729	(3.5%)

Consolidated revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2017 were \$253.5 million, slightly improved from \$252.7 million recorded for the same period in 2016. Revenues in Canada increased 0.9% in the second quarter of 2017 in comparison to the same period in 2016, primarily driven by the strengthening of the United States dollar relative to the Canadian dollar, offset by lower production volume. On a currency neutral basis, Canadian revenues in the second quarter of 2017 decreased by 1.5% over the same period of 2016.

Revenues in United States declined by 8.0% in the second quarter of 2017 compared to the second quarter of 2016 when measured in Canadian dollars mainly due to volume decrease partially offset by favourable foreign exchange impact due to the strengthening of the United States dollar against the Canadian dollar. On a currency neutral basis, revenues in the United States decreased 11.8% in the second quarter of 2017 over the same period in 2016.

European revenues increased 8.8% in the second quarter of 2017 compared to the same period in 2016 primarily driven by increased production rates for both single and wide body aircraft and a favourable foreign exchange impact as the United States dollar strengthened relative to the British pound. On a constant currency basis, revenues in the second quarter of 2017 in Europe went up by 5.8% compared to the same period in 2016.

Gross Profit

Expressed in thousands of dollars	Three month period ended June 30			Six month period ended June 30		
	2017	2016	Change	2017	2016	Change
Gross profit	46,221	45,946	0.6%	89,429	94,471	(5.3%)
Percentage of revenues	18.2%	18.2%		17.9%	18.2%	

Gross profit of \$46.2 million for the second quarter of 2017 was relatively consistent with the \$45.9 million for the second quarter of 2016, and gross profit as a percentage of revenues of 18.2% was reported in each quarter of both years. The gross profit in the current quarter was impacted by the favourable foreign exchange due to the strengthening year over year of the United States dollar against the Canadian dollar and the British pound, offset by the lower production volume and unfavourable foreign exchange impact resulted from the weakening British pound against the Canadian dollar.



Administrative and General Expenses

Expressed in thousands of dollars	Three month period ended June 30			Six month period ended June 30		
	2017	2016	Change	2017	2016	Change
Administrative and general expenses	15,776	13,583	16.1%	30,863	28,782	7.2%
Percentage of revenues	6.2%	5.4%		6.2%	5.5%	

Administrative and general expenses as a percentage of revenues of 6.2% for the second quarter of 2017 were 0.8% higher than that in the corresponding period of 2016. Administrative and general expenses increased \$2.2 million or 16.1% to \$15.8 million in the second quarter of 2017 compared to \$13.6 million in the second quarter of 2016 mainly due to the recognition of a \$1.3 million legal settlement recovery recorded in the second quarter of the prior year.

Other

Expressed in thousands of dollars	Three month period ended June 30		Six month period ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	2,216	(962)	3,092	(849)
Business closure costs	-	2,208	-	2,208
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	5	61	(26,588)	185
Other	-	-	4,010	-
Total other	2,221	1,307	(19,486)	1,544

Other expense of \$2.2 million for the second quarter of 2017 consisted of \$2.2 million foreign exchange loss compared to a \$1.0 million foreign exchange gain recorded in the same period of 2016. The movements in balances denominated in the foreign currencies and the fluctuations of the foreign exchange rates impact the net foreign exchange loss or gain recorded in a quarter. During the second quarter of 2016, the Corporation recorded a \$2.2 million charge related to closure of a small operating facility in the United States.

Interest Expense

Expressed in thousands of dollars	Three month period ended June 30		Six month period ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest on bank indebtedness and long-term debt	523	890	1,392	2,171
Accretion charge on borrowings and long-term debt	252	260	486	467
Discount on sale of accounts receivable	512	316	764	647
Total interest expense	1,287	1,466	2,642	3,285

Total interest expense of \$1.3 million in the second quarter of 2017 was \$0.2 million lower than the second quarter of 2016 amount of \$1.5 million, mainly due to lower interest on bank indebtedness driven by lower principal amounts outstanding during the second quarter of 2017 than the same period in 2016, offset by higher discount on sale of accounts receivables resulting from higher interest rates charged under the securitization program for the second of quarter of 2017 compared to the second quarter of 2016.

Provision for Income Taxes

Expressed in thousands of dollars	Three month period ended June 30		Six month period ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Current income tax expense	4,070	4,159	8,632	7,747
Deferred income tax expense	2,496	3,110	6,994	7,364
Income tax expense	6,566	7,269	15,626	15,111
Effective tax rate	24.4%	24.6%	20.7%	24.8%

Income tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$6.6 million, representing an effective income tax rate of 24.4% compared to 24.6% for the same period of 2016. The decrease in effective tax rate and the deferred income tax expense year over year was primarily due to change in mix of income across the different jurisdictions in which the Corporation operates.

3. Selected Quarterly Financial Information

A summary view of Magellan's quarterly financial performance

Expressed in millions of dollars, except per share amounts	2017		2016			2015		
	Jun 30	Mar 31	Dec 31	Sep 30	Jun 30	Mar 31	Dec 31	Sep 30
Revenues	253.5	247.2	247.1	238.0	252.7	266.1	252.6	236.2
Income before taxes	26.9	48.5	31.3	25.2	29.6	31.3	27.1	24.8
Net Income	20.4	39.4	24.0	18.8	22.3	23.4	25.5	18.5
Net Income per share								
Basic and diluted	0.35	0.68	0.41	0.32	0.38	0.40	0.44	0.32
EBITDA ¹	40.4	62.3	45.3	38.4	44.7	45.8	43.1	37.8

¹ EBITDA is not an IFRS financial measure. Please see the "Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA" section for more information.

The Corporation reported its highest quarterly revenues in the first quarter of 2016. Revenues and net income reported in the table above were impacted by the movements in the Canadian dollar relative to the United States dollar and British pound when the Corporation translates its foreign operations to Canadian dollars. Further, the movements in the United States dollar relative to British pound impact the Corporation's United States dollar exposures in its European operations. During the periods reported, the average exchange rate of United States dollar relative to the Canadian dollar fluctuated between a high of 1.3748 in the first quarter of 2016 and a low of 1.2885 in the second quarter of 2016. The average exchange rate of British pound relative to the Canadian dollar moved from a high of 2.0280 in the third quarter of 2015 to a low of 1.6398 in the first quarter of 2017. The average exchange rate of the British pound relative to the United States dollar reached its high of 1.5489 in the third quarter of 2015 and hit a low of 1.2395 in the first quarter of 2017.

Revenue for the second quarter of 2017 of \$253.5 million was slightly higher than that in the second quarter of 2016. The average exchange rate of the United States dollar relative to the Canadian dollar in the second quarter of 2017 was 1.3441 versus 1.2887 in the same period of 2016. The average exchange rate of British pound relative to the Canadian dollar moved from 1.8469 in the second quarter of 2016 to 1.7194 during the current quarter. The average exchange rate of the British pound relative to the United States dollar decreased from 1.4332 in the second quarter of 2016 to 1.2782 in the current quarter. Had the foreign exchange rates remained at levels experienced in the second quarter of 2016, reported revenues in the second quarter of 2017 would have been lower by \$7.8 million.

The Corporation reported its highest net income in the first quarter of 2017 mainly driven by the recording of the gain on the sale of the land and building of its Mississauga facility. As discussed above, net income reported in the quarterly information was also impacted by the foreign exchange movements. The Corporation recorded business closure costs related to the closure of a small operating facility in the United States in the second quarter of 2016, and a margin adjustment related to one of its construction contracts in the third quarter of 2016. In the fourth quarter of 2015, the Corporation recognized an adjustment in corporation taxation rates in the income tax jurisdictions in which the Corporation operates.

4. Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA

A description and reconciliation of certain non-IFRS measures used by management

In addition to the primary measures of earnings and earnings per share (basic and diluted) in accordance with IFRS, the Corporation includes EBITDA (earnings before interest expense, income taxes and depreciation and amortization) in this quarterly statement. The Corporation has provided this measure because it believes this information is used by certain investors to assess financial performance and that EBITDA is a useful supplemental measure as it provides an indication of the results generated by the Corporation's principal business activities prior to consideration of how these activities are financed and how the results are taxed in the various jurisdictions. Each of the components of this measure are calculated in accordance with IFRS, but EBITDA is not a recognized measure under IFRS, and the Corporation's method of calculation may not be comparable with that of other companies. Accordingly, EBITDA should not be used as an alternative to net income as determined in accordance with IFRS or as an alternative to cash provided by or used in operations.

	Three month period ended June 30		Six month period ended June 30	
Expressed in thousands of dollars	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net income	20,371	22,321	59,784	45,749
Interest	1,287	1,466	2,642	3,285
Taxes	6,566	7,269	15,626	15,111
Depreciation and amortization	12,221	13,686	24,692	26,423
EBITDA	40,445	44,742	102,744	90,568

EBITDA decreased \$4.3 million or 9.6% to \$40.4 million for the second quarter of 2017, compared to \$44.7 million in the second quarter of 2016 as a result of lower net income, interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization expenses.

5. Liquidity and Capital Resources

A discussion of Magellan's cash flow, liquidity, credit facilities and other disclosures

The Corporation's liquidity needs can be met through a variety of sources including cash on hand, cash provided by operations, short-term borrowings from its credit facility and accounts receivable securitization program, and long-term debt and equity capacity. Principal uses of cash are for operational requirements, capital expenditures and dividend payments. Based on current funds available and expected cash flow from operating activities, management believes that the Corporation has sufficient funds available to meet its liquidity requirements at any point in time. However, if cash from operating activities is lower than expected or capital projects exceed current estimates, or if the Corporation incurs major unanticipated expenses, it may be required to seek additional capital in the form of debt or equity or a combination of both.

Cash Flow from Operations

	Three month period ended June 30		Six month period ended June 30	
Expressed in thousands of dollars	2017	2016	2017	2016
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	7,119	293	(20,359)	(18,143)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	1,678	(7,798)	(3,112)	(10,117)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other	(628)	(133)	233	506
Decrease in accounts payable, accrued liabilities and provisions	(9,999)	(7,089)	(20,402)	(491)
Changes in non-cash working capital balances	(1,830)	(14,727)	(43,640)	(28,245)
Cash provided by operating activities	31,361	22,360	20,589	47,761

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Corporation generated \$31.4 million from operating activities, compared to \$22.4 million in the second quarter of 2016. The increase in cash flow from operations was significantly impacted by the favourable movement in non-cash working capital balances, largely due to decrease in accounts receivables resulted from timing of collection and decreases in inventories mainly due to timing of shipment, offset by decreases in accounts payable, accrued liabilities and provisions due to timing of payments and the partial settlement of contingent liabilities.

Investing Activities

	Three month period ended June 30		Six month period ended June 30	
Expressed in thousands of dollars	2017	2016	2017	2016
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(9,550)	(7,956)	(26,142)	(11,590)
Proceeds of disposals of property, plant and equipment	17	4	32,678	163
Increase in intangible and other assets	(9,013)	(2,410)	(5,893)	(7,055)
Change in restricted cash	3,686	4,449	3,665	5,225
Cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(14,860)	(5,913)	4,308	(13,257)

Cash used in investing activities for the second quarter of 2017 was \$14.9 million compared to \$5.9 million in the same quarter of 2016, an increase of \$9.0 million primarily due to higher investment in property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets. The Corporation continues to invest in capital expenditures to enhance its manufacturing capabilities in various geographies and to support new customer programs.

Financing Activities

Expressed in thousands of dollars	Three month period ended June 30		Six month period ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Decrease in bank indebtedness	(6,103)	(18,509)	(19,165)	(29,213)
(Decrease) increase in debt due within one year	(554)	4,923	4,807	2,706
Decrease in long-term debt	(1,215)	(1,143)	(2,329)	(2,251)
Increase in long-term liabilities and provisions	86	461	1,140	208
Increase in borrowings	2,021	697	2,551	807
Common share dividend	(3,783)	(3,347)	(7,567)	(6,694)
Cash used in financing activities	(9,548)	(16,918)	(20,563)	(34,437)

The Corporation has an operating credit facility, with a syndicate of banks, with a Canadian dollar limit of \$95.0 million, a US dollar limit of US\$35.0 million and a British pound limit of £11.0 million. Under the terms of the amended credit agreement, the operating credit facility expires on September 30, 2018. Extensions of the facility are subject to mutual consent of the syndicate of lenders and the Corporation. The credit agreement also includes a Canadian \$50.0 million uncommitted accordion provision which provides the Corporation with the option to increase the size of the operating credit facility.

The Corporation used \$9.5 million in the second quarter of 2017 mainly to repay bank indebtedness and pay dividends which was partially offset by the proceeds from Canadian government agency related to the development of its technologies and processes.

As at June 30, 2017 the Corporation has made contractual commitments to purchase \$17.9 million of capital assets.

Dividends

During the second quarter of 2017, the Corporation declared and paid quarterly cash dividends of \$0.065 per common shares representing an aggregating dividend payment of \$3.8 million.

Subsequent to June 30, 2017, the Corporation announced that its Board of Directors had declared a quarterly cash dividend on its common shares of \$0.065 per common share. The dividend will be payable on September 29, 2017 to shareholders of record at the close of business on September 15, 2017.

Outstanding Share Information

The authorized capital of the Corporation consists of an unlimited number of Preference Shares, issuable in series, and an unlimited number of common shares. As at August 4, 2016, 58,209,001 common shares were outstanding and no preference shares were outstanding.

6. Financial Instruments

A summary of Magellan's financial instruments

Derivative Contracts

The Corporation operates internationally, which gives rise to a risk that its income, cash flows and shareholders' equity may be adversely impacted by fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises because the amount of the local currency receivable or payable for transactions denominated in foreign currencies may vary due to changes in exchange rates and because the non-Canadian dollar denominated financial statements of the Corporation's subsidiaries may vary on consolidation into the reporting currency of Canadian dollars. The Corporation from time to time may use derivative financial instruments to help manage foreign exchange risk with the objective of reducing transaction exposures and the resulting volatility of the Corporation's earnings. The Corporation does not trade in derivatives for speculative purposes. Under these contracts the Corporation is obligated to purchase specified amounts at predetermined dates and exchange rates. These contracts are matched with anticipated cash flows in United States dollars. The counterparties to the foreign currency contracts are all major financial institutions with high credit ratings. The Corporation had no foreign exchange contracts outstanding as at June 30, 2017.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Corporation does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or reasonably are likely to have a material effect on its financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources. As a result, the Corporation is not exposed materially to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if it had engaged in these arrangements.

7. Related Party Transactions

A summary of Magellan's transactions with related parties

For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2017, the Corporation had no material transactions with related parties as defined in IAS 24 - *Related Party Disclosures*.

8. Risk Factors

A summary of risks and uncertainties facing Magellan

The Corporation manages a number of risks in each of its businesses in order to achieve an acceptable level of risk without hindering the ability to maximize returns. Management has procedures to help identify and manage significant operational and financial risks.

For more information in relation to the risks inherent in Magellan's business, reference is made to the information under "Risk Factors" in the Corporation's Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2016 and to the information under "Risks Inherent in Magellan's Business" in the Corporation's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2016, which have been filed with SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

9. Outlook

The outlook for Magellan's business in 2017

In the 2nd quarter of 2017 Magellan Aerospace participated in the 52nd Paris International Air Show which was held between June 19th and June 25th 2017. Although trade attendance was slightly lower than in 2015, Magellan was successful in achieving its goals of furthering various strategic discussions with all major customers. During the show, Boeing announced orders and commitments totalling 571 aircraft including 361 orders for the B737 MAX. Boeing also increased its 20-year forecast from 39,000 new aircraft to more than 41,000 valued at \$6.1 trillion, which represents a doubling of the active fleet of commercial aircraft by 2023. Airbus announced 326 aircraft orders in Paris, which included 150 new A320 NEO's.

Paris was also the stage upon which Boeing unveiled the notional new midsize airplane dubbed "NMA". The new twin-aisle design is intended to fill a miss-served market sized (previously serviced by the B757) between 220 and 270 seats with a range of 5,200 nautical miles.

Boeing's latest build schedule confirms the B737 single aisle rate will go from 42 per month to 47 per month in Q3-2017, then 52 per month in 2018, and 57.7 per month in 2019. Airbus has revised their A320 family CEO/NEO mix to increase 2017 CEO builds by 30 aircraft and to reduce 2017 NEO builds by a similar number. Total A320 numbers remain unchanged with the build rate reaching 55 per month in 2017 and ramping up to a peak of 60 plus A/C per month in 2019.

The twin-aisle commercial aircraft market remains somewhat flat. Boeing's 777 production rate has reduced from 7 per month to 5 aircraft per month. The B787 rate will hold at 12 A/C per month. Airbus' A380 rate will drop from 1.06 per month to 0.92 per month late in 2017, and the A330 holds at 7 per month. On the positive side, the A350XWB is planning to ramp up from 8.4 per month to 13 per month by 2020. As well, Boeing's B767 build rate is increasing due to the KC-46 tanker program. It will go from 2 per month to 2.5 per month in the 4th quarter of 2017.

Persistently low fuel prices continue to be a disruptive factor in the regional turboprop market. As a result orders for the two main competitors, Bombardier and ATR, are expected to moderate. Despite this subdued outlook, a new entrant to the market was confirmed at the Paris airshow with P&WC's announcement it had signed an agreement to supply PW150C engines to AVIC for its new MA700 regional turboprop. AVIC hopes to secure one third of the global turboprop market with this new aircraft.

The regional jet market is seeing growth propelled by new aircraft such as Bombardier's CS100, Embraer's E2 family and Mitsubishi's MRJ. Demand in this market is moving towards larger capacity aircraft that are unencumbered by U.S. airline scope clauses. Magellan does provide some support in this market sector.

Industry experts are suggesting that the business jet market is finally seeing some slow growth potential. Forecast International predicts that annual production in this market will rise slowly over the next several years.



The global rotorcraft market continues to struggle, particularly on the civil side. A sluggish oil and gas sector, which is a significant portion of this segment, is not expected to see improvement for at least another year or two. Other civil rotorcraft segments are faring slightly better with the introduction of several new models helping to stimulate growth. Military helicopter production rose in 2016 for the first time since 2013 and is expected to continue through 2017 as defence spending increases.

The outlook for legacy U.S. fighters is improving. Boeing says current orders will continue F-15 production through 2019 and claims that near-term deals could push production into late 2022. As for F/A-18, the U.S. Navy has decided to keep buying Super Hornets alongside F-35 to meet an immediate need for strike fighters. President Trump's latest budget plan would add funding for up to 80 F/A-18E/F Super Hornets through 2022 if approved. Kuwait has been approved for up to 40 F/A-18E/F's with India and Finland being potential new opportunities. Canada's requirements for an "interim" fleet of 18 aircraft are on hold due to the trade dispute launched by Boeing over government subsidies to Bombardier on C-Series.

The aerospace community saw for the first time, the F-35 perform a flight demonstration during the Paris Air Show. The F-35 is expected to dominate the competition within the fighter market over the next 10 years and beyond. The program is now making plans to contract the next tranche of aircraft by combining quantities from Lots 12, 13, and 14 into one procurement for over 440 aircraft. Lockheed would engage the supply chain based on the same quantities. The U.S. Government budgeting process related to defence spending in the United States has progressed to the Armed Services Committees. Both the Senate and the House committees have increased the quantities of F-35 to be purchased in fiscal year 2018. The Senate Armed Services Committee has recommended increasing the quantity of F-35's by 24 (to 94 from 70 originally requested). The Budget Control Act may influence the final quantities of aircraft to be purchased as the National Defense Authorization Act continues through the congressional process.

In summary, as Boeing and Airbus ramp up single aisle aircraft production to fulfil their record order backlogs, other segments of the aerospace industry are working to stimulate growth. Regional turboprops are dampened by low fuel prices while new regional jets aircraft ramp up production. The civil rotorcraft market continues to be soft, while the defence segment is seeing some growth because of increasing defence budgets. Finally, despite that there are many players for few customers in the fighter market; certain maturing fighter programs are enjoying extended production activity.

Additional Information

Additional information relating to Magellan Aerospace Corporation, including the Corporation's annual information form, can be found on the SEDAR web site at www.sedar.com.

Forward Looking Statements

This news release contains certain forward-looking statements that reflect the current views and/or expectations of the Corporation with respect to its performance, business and future events. Such statements are subject to a number of uncertainties and assumptions, which may cause actual results to be materially different from those expressed or implied. These forward looking statements can be identified by the words such as "anticipate", "continue", "estimate", "forecast", "expect", "may", "project", "could", "plan", "intend", "should", "believe" and similar words suggesting future events or future performance. In particular there are forward looking statements contained under the heading "Overview" which outlines certain expectations for future operations. These statements assume the continuation of the current regulatory and legal environment; the continuation of trends for passenger airliner and defence production and are subject to the risks contained herein and outlined in our annual information form. The Corporation assumes no future obligation to update these forward-looking statements except as required by law.

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MAGELLAN AEROSPACE CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(unaudited) (expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)	Three month period ended June 30		Six month period ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues	253,460	252,671	500,670	518,729
Cost of revenues	207,239	206,725	411,241	424,258
Gross profit	46,221	45,946	89,429	94,471
Administrative and general expenses	15,776	13,583	30,863	28,782
Other	2,221	1,307	(19,486)	1,544
Income before interest and income taxes	28,224	31,056	78,052	64,145
Interest	1,287	1,466	2,642	3,285
Income before income taxes	26,937	29,590	75,410	60,860
Income taxes				
Current	4,070	4,159	8,632	7,747
Deferred	2,496	3,110	6,994	7,364
	6,566	7,269	15,626	15,111
Net income	20,371	22,321	59,784	45,749
Other comprehensive income (loss)				
Other comprehensive loss that may be reclassified to profit and loss in subsequent periods:				
Foreign currency translation loss	(2,913)	(16,095)	(3,282)	(45,472)
Items not to be reclassified to profit and loss in subsequent periods:				
Actuarial loss on defined benefit pension plans, net of taxes	(2,865)	(4,528)	(4,024)	(8,471)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	14,593	1,698	52,478	(8,194)
Net income per share				
Basic and diluted	0.35	0.38	1.03	0.79

MAGELLAN AEROSPACE CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(unaudited) (expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 30 2017	December 31 2016
Current assets		
Cash	11,871	7,606
Restricted cash	3,344	7,125
Trade and other receivables	224,694	205,609
Inventories	210,754	208,964
Prepaid expenses and other	17,912	18,007
	468,575	447,311
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	385,846	389,825
Investment properties	4,228	4,377
Intangible assets	66,111	67,443
Goodwill	33,735	33,797
Other assets	26,927	28,142
Deferred tax assets	18,790	22,007
	535,637	545,591
Total assets	1,004,212	992,902
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities and provisions	158,494	178,566
Debt due within one year	54,798	50,787
	213,292	229,353
Non-current liabilities		
Bank indebtedness	23,941	43,314
Long-term debt	32,666	35,364
Borrowings subject to specific conditions	24,287	22,867
Other long-term liabilities and provisions	22,798	18,617
Deferred tax liabilities	34,986	36,056
	138,678	156,218
Equity		
Share capital	254,440	254,440
Contributed surplus	2,044	2,044
Other paid in capital	13,565	13,565
Retained earnings	358,857	310,664
Accumulated other comprehensive income	23,336	26,618
	652,242	607,331
Total liabilities and equity	1,004,212	992,902

MAGELLAN AEROSPACE CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW

(unaudited) (expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Three month period ended June 30		Six month period ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Cash flow from operating activities				
Net income	20,371	22,321	59,784	45,749
Amortization/depreciation of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	12,221	13,686	24,692	26,423
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	-	1,135	2,900	1,135
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	5	61	(26,588)	185
Decrease in defined benefit plans	(354)	(396)	(1,129)	(758)
Accretion	252	260	486	467
Deferred taxes	780	136	4,230	3,115
Income on investments in joint ventures	(84)	(116)	(146)	(310)
Changes to non-cash working capital	(1,830)	(14,727)	(43,640)	(28,245)
Net cash provided by operating activities	31,361	22,360	20,589	47,761
Cash flow from investing activities				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(9,550)	(7,956)	(26,142)	(11,590)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	17	4	32,678	163
Increase in intangible and other assets	(9,013)	(2,410)	(5,893)	(7,055)
Change in restricted cash	3,686	4,449	3,665	5,225
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(14,860)	(5,913)	4,308	(13,257)
Cash flow from financing activities				
Decrease in bank indebtedness	(6,103)	(18,509)	(19,165)	(29,213)
(Decrease) increase in debt due within one year	(554)	4,923	4,807	2,706
Decrease in long-term debt	(1,215)	(1,143)	(2,329)	(2,251)
Increase in long-term liabilities and provisions	86	461	1,140	208
Increase in borrowings subject to specific conditions	2,021	697	2,551	807
Common share dividend	(3,783)	(3,347)	(7,567)	(6,694)
Net cash used in financing activities	(9,548)	(16,918)	(20,563)	(34,437)
Increase (decrease) in cash during the period	6,953	(471)	4,334	67
Cash at beginning of the period	4,955	5,659	7,606	5,538
Effect of exchange rate differences	(37)	(170)	(69)	(587)
Cash at end of the period	11,871	5,018	11,871	5,018